Company No. 10504859

Directors' Report and Unaudited Accounts

30 November 2021

Root-And-Branch Out Cic Contents

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Root-And-Branch Out Cic Company Information

Directors

A.C. Caro C. Crowley E.G.A. Wilby

Registered Office

Freedom Farm 1a Back Lane Belton In Rutland Oakham Rutland LE15 9JS

Accountants

Clarion Accountancy and Taxation Ltd Clarion House 14 Church Street Oakham Rutland LE15 6AA Root-And-Branch Out Cic Directors Report

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 30 November 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was Community development through outdoor education, gardening and food.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

A.C. Caro C. Crowley E.G.A. Wilby

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

C. Crowley Director 13 April 2022 Root-And-Branch Out Cic Accountants Report

Accountant's Report to the Board of Directors of Root-And-Branch Out Cic on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts for the year ended 30 November 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with your instructions, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Root-And-Branch Out Cic for the year ended 30 November 2021 set out on pages 5 to 13 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit for the year ended 30 November 2021. You have acknowledged, on the balance sheet, your responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts. These responsibilities include preparing financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of its loss for the year.

We have not carried out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Root-And-Branch Out Cic. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Clarion Accountancy and Taxation Ltd Accountants Clarion House 14 Church Street Oakham Rutland LE15 6AA 13 April 2022

Income and Expenditure Account

for the year ended 30 November 2021

	2021	2020
	£	£
Turnover	51,348	39,728
Cost of Sales	(16,011)	(3,927)
Gross profit	35,337	35,801
Distribution costs and selling expenses	(29)	(375)
Administrative expenses	(38,546)	(35,865)
Other operating income	3,169	-
Operating deficit	(69)	(439)
Deficit on ordinary activities before taxation	(69)	(439)
Taxation	-	-
Deficit for the financial year after taxation	(69)	(439)

Balance Sheet

at	30	November	2021
αι	30		2021

Company No. 10504859	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	450	900
		450	900
Current assets			
Debtors	5	-	910
Cash at bank and in hand		12,068	26,755
		12,068	27,665
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	(13,192)	(29,170)
Net current liabilities		(1,124)	(1,505)
Total assets less current liabilities		(674)	(605)
Net liabilities	_	(674)	(605)
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		(674)	(605)
Total equity	_	(674)	(605)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 30 November 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the board on 13 April 2022

And signed on its behalf by:

E.G.A. Wilby Director 13 April 2022

Root-And-Branch Out Cic Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 November 2021

	Income and Expenditure	
	Account	Total equity
	£	£
At 1 December 2019	(166)	(166)
Deficit for the year	(439)	(439)
At 30 November 2020 and 1 December 2020	(605)	(605)
Deficit for the year	(69)	(69)
At 30 November 2021	(674)	(674)

for the year ended 30 November 2021

1 General information

Root-And-Branch Out Cic is a private company limited by guarantee and incorporated in England and Wales.

Its registered number is: 10504859 Its registered office is: Freedom Farm 1a Back Lane Belton In Rutland Oakham Rutland LE15 9JS

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from the surplus as reported in the income and expenditure account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income and expenditure account, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Freehold investment property

Investment properties are revalued annually and any surplus or deficit is dealt with through the income and expenditure account.

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

Investments

Unlisted investments are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, any changes in fair value are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to income and expenditure account as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording revenue and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Foreign currencies

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

Transactions in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date the transaction occurred. Monetary items denominated in other currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income and expenditure account. Non-monetary items that are measured at historic cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in the income and expenditure account, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

Defined contribution pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the income and expenditure account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

3 Employees

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including	2	С,
directors) during the year was:	Z	Z

4 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or revaluation			
At 1 December 2020		1,350	1,350
At 30 November 2021	-	1,350	1,350
Depreciation	-		
At 1 December 2020		450	450
Charge for the year		450	450
At 30 November 2021	-	900	900
Net book values			
At 30 November 2021		450	450
At 30 November 2020	=	900	900
Debtors			
	2021		2020
	£		£
Trade debtors			910
	-	-	910
Creditors:			
amounts falling due within one year			
	2021		2020
	£		£
Trade creditors	647		561
Other taxes and social security	(11)		(192)
Accruals and deferred income	12,556		28,801
	13,192		29,170

7 Reserves

5

6

Income and expenditure account - includes all current and prior period retained surpluses and deficits.

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account

for the year ended 30 November 2021

	2021	2020
	£	£
Turnover	51,348	39,728
Cost of sales		
Purchases	16,011	3,927
	16,011	3,927
Cost of sales	16,011	3,927
Gross profit	35,337	35,801
Selling and marketing expenses		
Other selling and marketing costs		
Advertising and PR	29	375
	29	375
Distribution costs and selling expenses	29	375
Other administrative costs		
Employee costs		
Salaries/wages	-	4,691
Directors' remuneration	32,925	25,864
Staff training	628	473
Motor and travel costs	33,553	31,028
Travel and subsistence	554	314
	554	314
Premises costs		
Rent	500	1,050
Premises repairs and maintenance	841	-
	1,341	1,050
General administrative costs, including		
depreciation and amortisation		
Depreciation of plant and machinery	450	450
General insurances	799	799
Software, IT support and related costs	151	588
Stationery and printing	117	267
Subscriptions	217	154
Sundry expenses	646	316
	2,380	2,574
Legal and professional costs		
Accountancy and bookkeeping	718	899
	718	899
Administrative expenses	38,546	35,865

Root-And-Branch Out Cic Detailed Income and Expenditure Account		
Other operating income	3,169	-
Operating deficit	(69)	(439)
Deficit on ordinary activities before taxation	(69)	(439)